

HANDGUNS



> Opponent is drawing weapon to be used against you



- common location is front waistband area
- >waistband in general is favored area
- >92% of population is right handed making "appendix" carry very common
- >"Furtive movement" reaching for waist is an

COUNTERING THE DRAW

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> Action beats reaction 100% of the time. Answer to draw is not to attempt to draw in response

- Close distance and engage drawing hand to interrupt draw
- > Follow up with multiple strikes and attacks to body/head
- > Attempted control holds have high chance of

COUNTERING THE DRAW





- Move AWAY from draw side 92% of the time to the right
- Shooting across body is less comfortable to body mechanics
- Move to outside and shove from shoulder of opponent
- Turning opponent farther away is also a desirable option
- Create distance, seek cover, draw to engage as necessary

COUNTERING THE DRAW





- Fired bullet doesn't have to miss by a lot; it just has to miss if fired
- Outside of reach offers little opportunity for proactive response; dodge and seek cover only option
- Primary concern of redirecting weapon is NOT to further index your body; minimize indexing

WEAPON TAKE-AWAYS



OFFICER

VIRTUAL

Get out of the line of fire

 Turn body out of line of fire while grabbing weapon hand wrist and top of slide OFFICER

VIRTUAL

VIRTUAL

- Bring gun towards body
- Rotate gun to attacker's outside weapon side
 - Finger capture / break / strip should occur

WEAPON TAKE-AWAYS

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- Can be done turning in opposite direction into potential takedown
- > With Revolver:
 - Same motions. Grasping cylinder usually prevents trigger pull (DA revolvers)
- Response above waist aimed weapon, fingers up; below waist aimed weapon, fingers down.
- Familiarize yourself with weapons: semi-autos, revolvers, DA, SA, etc.

WEAPON TAKE-AWAYS

